Safety Data Sheet
WEEDMASTER HERBICIDE

1. Product and Company Identification

Company
BASF CORPORATION
100 Park Avenue
Florham Park, NJ 07932, USA

24 Hour Emergency Response Information
CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300
BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Substance number: 000000057522
Chemical family: substituted, aromatic, carboxylic acid
Synonyms: dicamba dimethylamine (DMA) salt & 2,4-D DMA salt

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency overview

DANGER:
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
CAUSES IRREVERSIBLE EYE DAMAGE.
HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
HARMFUL IF INHALED.
HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.
Corrosive to eyes.
Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Avoid inhalation of mists/vapours.

See Product Label for additional precautionary statements.

State of matter: liquid
Odour: amine-like, mild

Potential health effects

Primary routes of exposure:
Routes of entry for solids and liquids include eye and skin contact, ingestion and inhalation. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquified gases.

Acute toxicity:
Slightly toxic after single ingestion. Slightly toxic after short-term skin contact. Relatively nontoxic after short-term inhalation.

Irritation / corrosion:
Corrosive to eyes. May cause slight irritation to the skin.

Sensitization:
Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.
Chronic toxicity:

Carcinogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. The results of various animal studies gave no indication of a carcinogenic effect.

Potential environmental effects

Aquatic toxicity:
There is a high probability that the product is not acutely harmful to fish. There is a high probability that the product is not acutely harmful to aquatic invertebrates. Very toxic (acute effect) to aquatic plants.

Terrestrial toxicity:
With high probability not acutely harmful to terrestrial organisms.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Content (W/W)</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2008-39-1</td>
<td>35.7 %</td>
<td>2,4-D DMA salt</td>
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<tr>
<td>2300-66-5</td>
<td>12.4 %</td>
<td>dicamba-dimethylammonium</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>51.9 %</td>
<td>Proprietary ingredients</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. First-Aid Measures

General advice:
First aid providers should wear personal protective equipment to prevent exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

If inhaled:  
Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm. Assist in breathing if necessary.

If on skin:  
Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.

If in eyes:  
Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.

If swallowed:  
Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions.

Antidote: No known specific antidote.  
Treatment: Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Flash point: Non-flammable.  
Lower explosion limit: not determined  
Upper explosion limit: not determined  

Suitable extinguishing media:  
foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide, water spray
Hazards during fire-fighting:
carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, halogenated hydrocarbons, Hydrocarbons,
If product is heated above decomposition temperature, toxic vapours will be released. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released if the product is involved in a fire.

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:
Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:
Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions:
Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental precautions:
Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water.

Cleanup:
Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Place into suitable containers for reuse or disposal in a licensed facility. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling
General advice:
RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product for Agricultural Use Requirements in accordance with the EPA Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR part 170. Ensure adequate ventilation. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed.
Protect contents from the effects of light. Protect against heat. Protect from air. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Avoid aerosol formation. Avoid dust formation. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Do not return residues to the storage containers. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Protection against fire and explosion:
The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Sources of ignition should be kept well clear. Avoid extreme heat. Keep away from oxidizable substances. Electrical equipment should conform to national electric code. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition.

Storage
General advice:
Keep only in the original container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources, heat or flame. Protect containers from physical damage. Protect against contamination. The authority permits and storage regulations must be observed.

Storage incompatibility:
General advice: Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Temperature tolerance
Protect from temperatures below: 0 °C
Changes in the properties of the product may occur if substance/product is stored below indicated temperature for extended periods of time.
Protect from temperatures above: 40 °C
Changes in the properties of the product may occur if substance/product is stored above indicated temperature for extended periods of time.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

Advice on system design:
Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment.

Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

Respiratory protection:
Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) TC23C Chemical/Mechanical type filter system to remove a combination of particles, gas and vapours. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

Eye protection:
Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection:
Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygiene measures:
Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.
9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: liquid
Odour: amine-like, mild
pH value: approx. 6 - 7 (1%(m), 25 °C)
crystallization temperature: < -18 °C
Boiling point: approx. 215 °F (760 mmHg)
                   approx. 100 °C (68 °F)
Vapour pressure: approx. 18 mmHg (20 °C)
Density: approx. 1.167 g/cm³
Vapour density: not determined
Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow): not applicable
Viscosity, dynamic: 11.3 mPa.s (20 °C)
                      5.8 mPa.s (40 °C)
Solubility in water: soluble

10. Stability and Reactivity

Substances to avoid: strong acids, strong oxidizing agents, strong bases

Hazardous reactions:
The product is chemically stable.
Hazardous polymerization will not occur. No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Decomposition products:
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. Prolonged thermal loading can result in products of degradation being given off.

Thermal decomposition:
Possible thermal decomposition products:
carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, nitrogen dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, halogenated hydrocarbons, Hydrocarbons
Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released.

Corrosion to metals:
Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Oral:
Type of value: LD50
Species: rat
Value: 942 mg/kg

Inhalation:
Type of value: LC50
Species: rat
Value: > 20.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

Dermal:
Type of value: LD50
Species: rabbit
Value: > 2,000 mg/kg
Irritation / corrosion

Skin:
Species: rabbit
Result: Slightly irritating.

Eye:
Species: rabbit
Result: Corrosive.

Sensitization:
Species: guinea pig
Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Genetic toxicity

Information on: Dicamba
Results from a number of mutagenicity studies with microorganisms, mammalian cell culture and mammals are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance is mutagenic.

Information on: 2,4-D-DMA
Most of the results from the available studies show no evidence of a mutagenic effect.

Carcinogenicity

Information on: Dicamba
In long-term studies in rats and mice in which the substance was given by feed, a carcinogenic effect was not observed.

Information on: 2,4-D-DMA
The substance is not considered to pose a carcinogenic risk at low human exposure levels.

Reproductive toxicity

Information on: Dicamba
The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect.

Information on: 2,4-D-DMA
The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect.

Development:

Information on: Dicamba
Causes developmental effects in animals at high, maternally toxic doses.

Information on: 2,4-D-DMA
The data available for an assessment of the effect of the substance on developmental toxicity are not sufficient for a proper evaluation.

Other Information:

Misuse can be harmful to health.

12. Ecological Information

Fish

Information on: Dicamba
Acute:
Safety Data Sheet
WEEDMASTER HERBICIDE
Revision date: 2012/03/05 Page: 7/9
Version: 1.1 (30059397/SDS_CPA_US/EN)

Oncorhynchus mykiss/LC50: 177 mg/l

Information on: 2,4-D-DMA
Acute:
Lepomis macrochirus/LC50 (96 h): 524 mg/l
Oncorhynchus mykiss/LC50 (96 h): 250 mg/l

Aquatic invertebrates

Information on: Dicamba
Acute:
Daphnia magna/EC50 (48 h): > 11.37 - < 100 mg/l

Information on: 2,4-D-DMA
Acute:
Daphnia magna/EC50 (48 h): 184 mg/l

Aquatic plants

Information on: dicamba

Non-Mammals

Information on: Dicamba
Other terrestrial non-mammals:
bobwhite quail/LD50: 216 mg/kg
mallard duck/LD50: 1,373 mg/kg
bobwhite quail/LC50: > 10,000 ppm
mallard duck/LC50: > 10,000 ppm
Honey bee/LD50: 100 ug/bee

Information on: 2,4-D-DMA
Other terrestrial non-mammals:
bobwhite quail/LD50: 500 mg/kg
mallard duck/LC50 (8 d): > 5,620 mg/kg

Degradability / Persistence
Biological / Abiological Degradation

Evaluation: Not readily biodegradable.

Other adverse effects:
The ecological data given are those of the active ingredient. Do not release untreated into natural waters.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:
Pesticide wastes are regulated. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal:
Rinse thoroughly at least three times (triple rinse) in accordance with EPA recommendations. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

RCRA:
14. Transport Information

**Land transport**

USDOT

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

**Sea transport**

IMDG

- **Hazard class:** 9
- **Packing group:** III
- **ID number:** UN 3082
- **Hazard label:** 9, EHSM
- **Marine pollutant:** YES
- **Proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains DIMETHYLAMMONIUM 2,4-DICHLOROPHENOXYACETATE)

**Air transport**

IATA/ICAO

- **Hazard class:** 9
- **Packing group:** III
- **ID number:** UN 3082
- **Hazard label:** 9, EHSM
- **Proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains DIMETHYLAMMONIUM 2,4-DICHLOROPHENOXYACETATE)

**Further information**

DOT: This product is regulated if the amount in a single receptacle exceeds the Reportable Quantity (RQ). Please refer to Section 15 of this MSDS for the RQ for this product.

15. Regulatory Information

**Federal Regulations**

- **Registration status:**
  - Chemical TSCA, US blocked / not listed
  - Crop Protection TSCA, US released / exempt
- **OSHA hazard category:** Skin and/or eye irritant;

**EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories):** Acute;

**EPCRA 313:**

<table>
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<td>124-40-3</td>
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<tr>
<td>dicamba</td>
<td>1918-00-9</td>
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**CERCLA RQ**

<table>
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<td>dimethylamine; dicamba</td>
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State regulations

CA Prop. 65:
THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A CHEMICAL(S) KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER.

16. Other Information

Refer to product label for EPA registration number.

Recommended use: herbicide

**NFPA Hazard codes:**
- Health: 3
- Flammability: 1
- Reactivity: 1
- Special:

**HMIS III rating**
- Health: 3
- Flammability: 1
- Physical hazard: 1

NFPA and HMIS use a numbering scale ranging from 0 to 4 to indicate the degree of hazard. A value of zero means that the substance possesses essentially no hazard; a rating of four indicates extreme danger. Although similar, the two rating systems are intended for different purposes, and use different criteria. The NFPA system was developed to provide an on-the-spot alert to the hazards of a material, and their severity, to emergency responders. The HMIS system was designed to communicate workplace hazard information to employees who handle hazardous chemicals.

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

MSDS Prepared by:
BASF NA Product Regulations
msds@basf.com
MSDS Prepared on: 2012/03/05

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